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Ashford Hospital
London Road
Ashford, Middlesex
TW15 3AA
Tel: **01784 884488**

St. Peter's Hospital
Guildford Road
Chertsey, Surrey
KT16 0PZ.
Tel: **01932 872000**

Website: www.ashfordstpeters.nhs.uk

Headaches

Paediatrics Department



Further Information

We endeavour to provide an excellent service at all times, but should you have any concerns please, in the first instance, raise these with the Matron, Senior Nurse or Manager on duty. If they cannot resolve your concern, please contact our Patient Advice and Liaison Service (PALS) on 01932 723553 or email pals@asph.nhs.uk. If you remain concerned, PALS can also advise upon how to make a formal complaint.

Author: Rohana Ramachandran

Department: Paediatrics

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How are headaches in children treated?

There are many types of medicines used to treat and to prevent headaches. Your child's doctor or nurse will decide which medicine, if any, would work best for your child.

Is there anything I can do to keep my child from getting headaches?

Yes. Some headaches can be triggered by certain foods or things that children do. Keep a "headache diary" for your child. In the diary, write down every time your child has a headache and what he or she ate and did before it started. That way, you can find out if there is anything he or she should avoid.

Some common headache triggers are:

- Skipping meals
- Not drinking enough fluids
- Having too little or too much caffeine
- Sleeping too much or too little
- Stress
- Certain foods – dependent on each individual

Headaches

Information for Parents

Headaches are common in children. Two of the most common types of headaches in children are:

- **Tension-type headaches** – Tension-type headaches cause pressure or tightness on both the left and right sides of the head. Tension headaches are usually not severe enough to keep children from doing their daily activities, such as going to school.
- **Migraine headaches** – Migraine headaches often start off mild and then get worse. They might affect just one side of the head or both. They can cause your child to feel sick or vomit or make your child sensitive to light and sound. They can also cause temporary problems with vision. For example, before getting a migraine, some children see spots or colored lights. When they have a migraine, children are often not able to do their normal daily activities, such as go to school.

Children also tend to get headaches that go along with a cold, the flu, a sore throat, or a sinus infection.

In rare cases headaches in children are caused by a serious infection (such as meningitis), severe high blood pressure, or brain tumors.

Should my child see a doctor or a nurse?

You should take your child to the doctor right away (without giving any medicine) if he or she has a headache that:

- Starts after a head injury
- Wakes him or her up
- Is sudden and severe and happens with other symptoms, such as:
 - Vomiting
 - Neck pain or stiffness
 - Double vision or changes in vision
 - Confusion
 - Loss of balance
 - Fever of 38°C or higher

You should also take your child to see a doctor or nurse if he or she:

- Has a headache and is younger than 3 years old
- Has a headache and has certain medical conditions, such as sickle cell disease, bleeding problems, immune system problems, genetic problems, heart problems, or cancer

Is there anything I can do on my own to help my child feel better?

Yes. If your child's headache does not fit the descriptions on page 4, you can:

- Have your child rest in a quiet dark room with a cool cloth on his or her forehead.
- Encourage your child to sleep, if he or she wants to. Sleep can help, especially with migraine headaches.
- Give your child pain medicine such as paracetamol or ibuprofen

Are there tests my child should have?

Probably not. Most headaches in children are not caused by a serious problem.

Your child's doctor or nurse will probably be able to tell what is wrong with your child by doing an exam and by learning about his or her symptoms. But if your child's doctor or nurse suspects a serious infection or problem, he or she might order an imaging test such as an MRI or a CT scan. Imaging tests create images of the inside of the body.